

# The Use of AI and Big Data Analytics

---

Yukio Nakagawa  
GM, Engineering Department,  
Japan Airlines

---

10th September, 2018

ICAS 2018  
Technology  
Leadership Forum

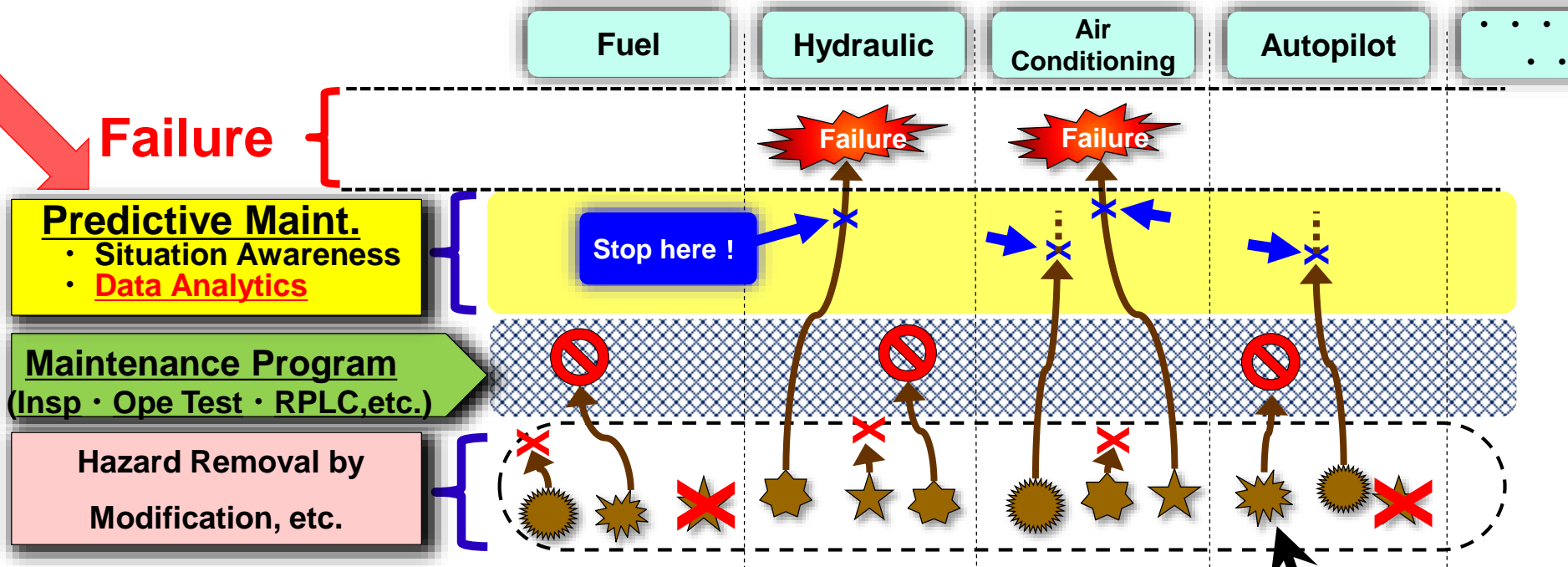
- 1. Shifting from “Repair” to “Prevent”**
- 2. Four Stages of Data Analytics**
- 3. Data Analytics and Aircraft Maintenance**
- 4. Prescriptive Analytics and AI**
- 5. Collaboration between AI and Airline personnel**

To shift from “**repair**” to “**prevent**”, we set the ultimate target of safety and satisfaction that we provide to our customers

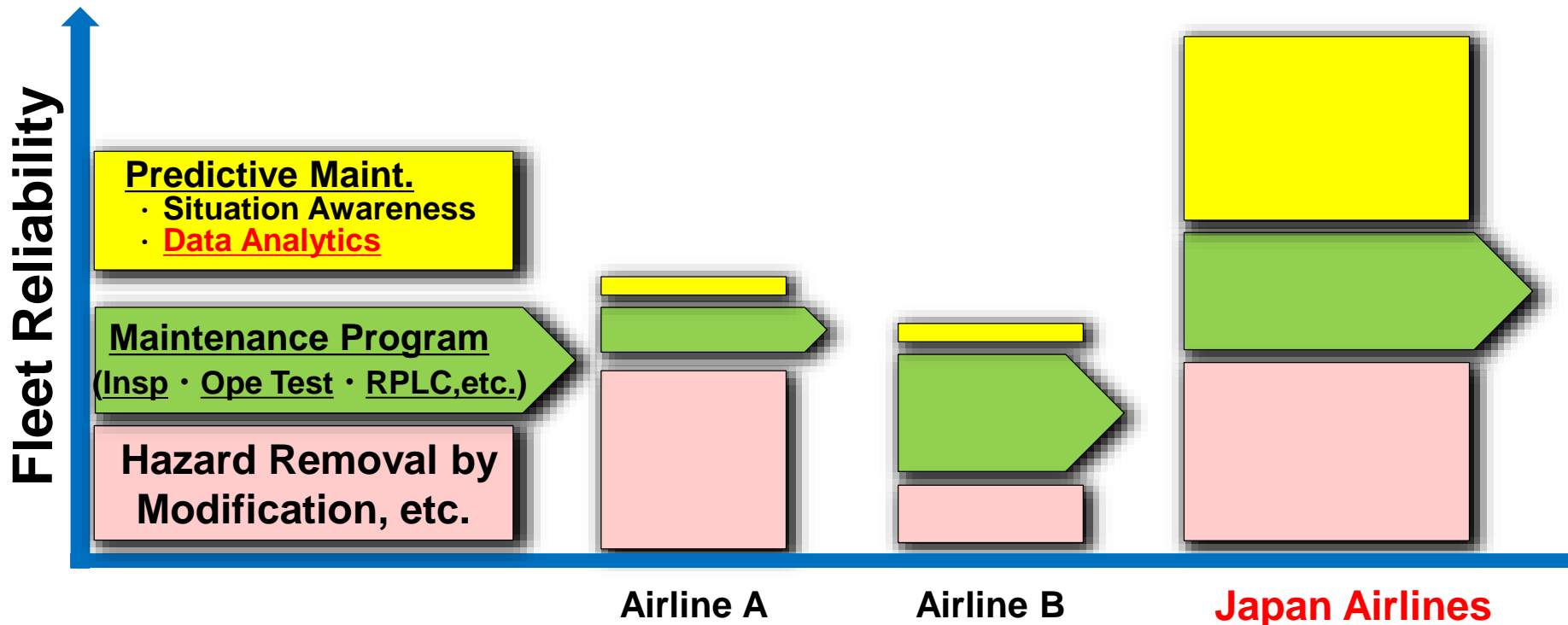
## “Zero Zero 100”

- Irregular Operations, IFSD      Zero
- Flight Defect                      Zero
- On-time Departure                100 %



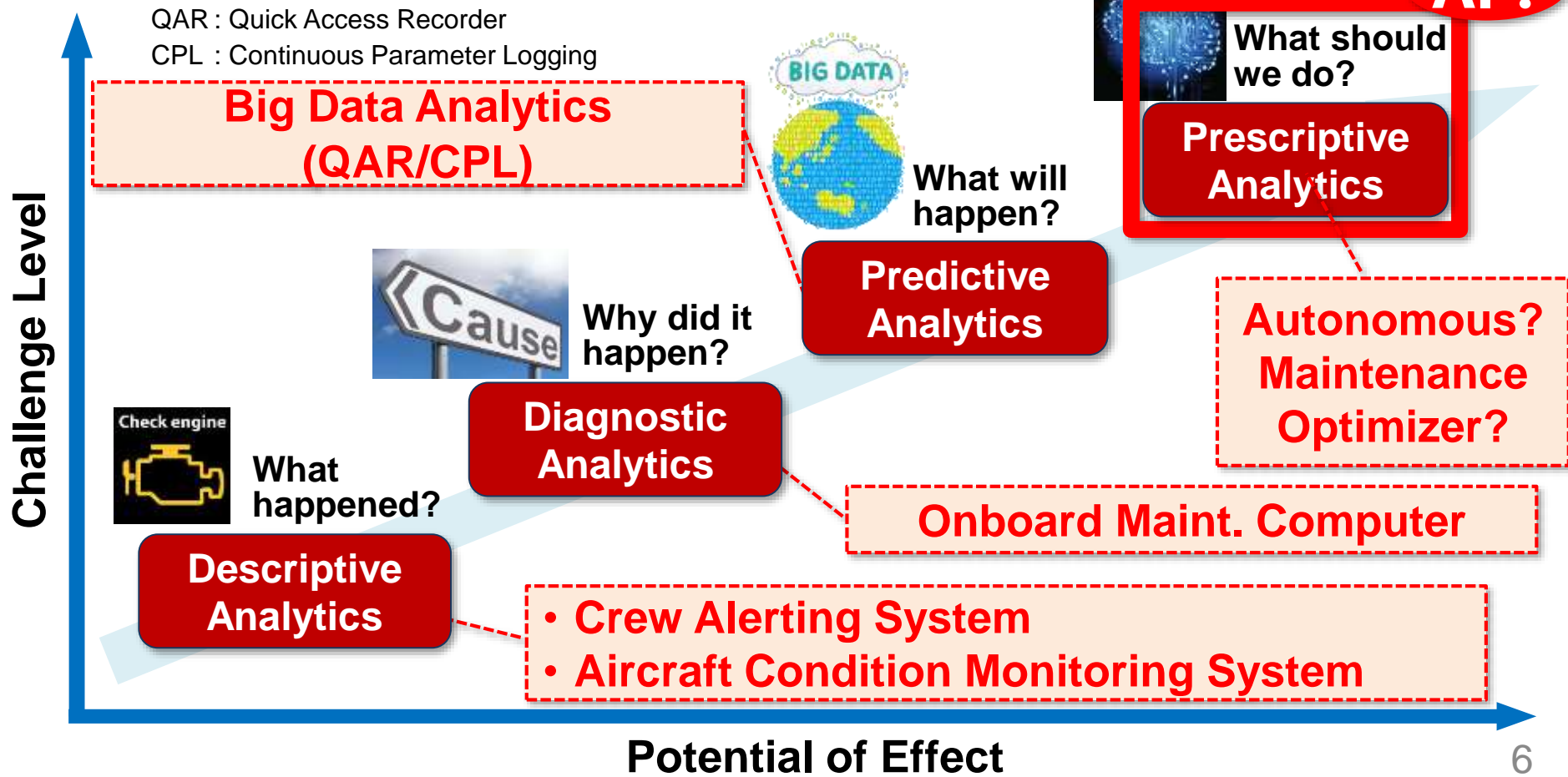


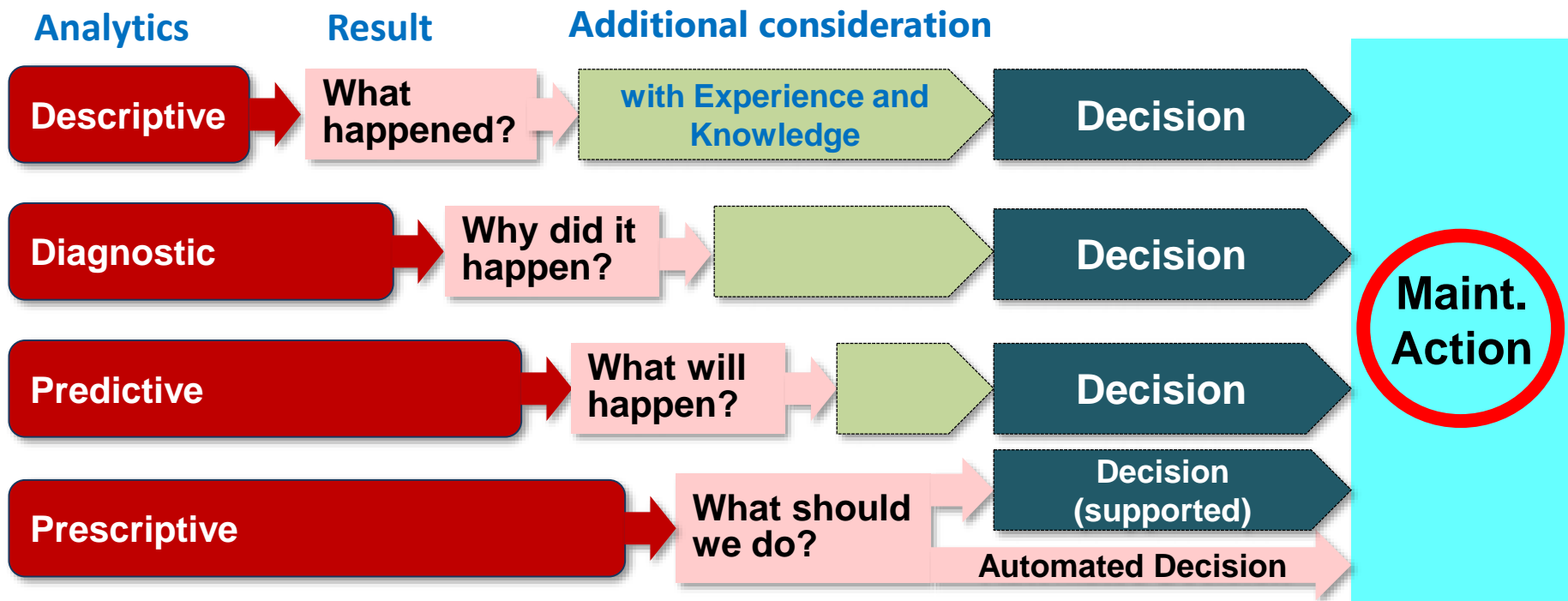
- Predictive maintenance by Data Analytics is advancing rapidly. Technician's experience and situation awareness play key rolls to monitor the conditions of aircrafts physically.
- Also, incorporation of Service Bulletin and execution of maintenance program are important



In parallel with maximizing the effect of modification and maintenance program, JAL will strive for predictive maintenance toward “0-0-100”.

# Four Stages of Data Analytics





Furthermore, some may be automated decision support.

However, technicians are still essential for accomplishing and confirming actual maintenance actions.

## Expectation for AI and Prescriptive Analytics

1. Bring the maintenance level up without depending on each person's expertise and skill.
2. Decrease the human error in decision.
3. Accelerate the process for decision making.

Even AI can propose the desirable solution, it is necessary to monitor and approve the proposal since the allowance for any error in the aircraft maintenance is minimal.



- AI needs to propose the solution in a manner that maintenance personnel can determine whether the proposal is appropriate or not.
- Also, maintenance personnel are required to keep/improve the knowledge and skill for evaluating the proposal by AI.



**Toward the ultimate goal of “0-0-100”,  
Building a “Proud and Confident” maintenance team  
with the collaboration of AI is the key**





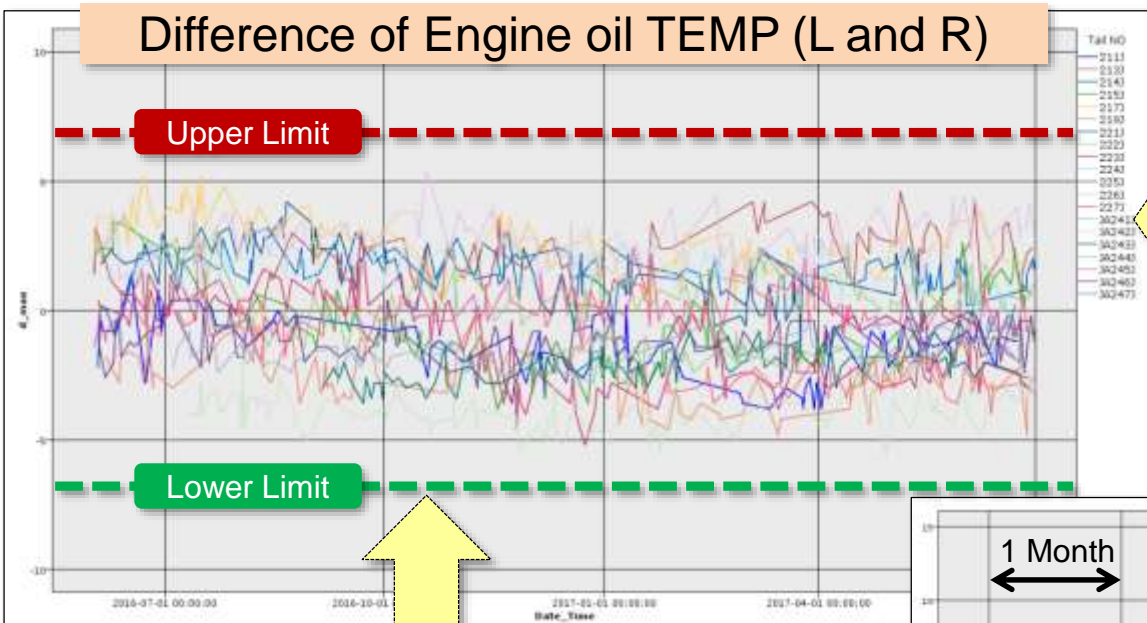
**Thank you**



**JAPAN AIRLINES**

# Example of Big Data analytics (ERJ ENG oil TEMP sensor)

## Difference of Engine oil TEMP (L and R)



- E-170/190 (20 airplanes)
- Used data for one year
  - 68,000 flights
  - 62,000 flight HRs
  - 12 parameters/sec
  - 15.4 GB data size

Using standard deviation, normal range was defined.

If the data deviates from the normal range, degradation of the oil TEMP sensor is suspected.

